SNAP ANALOG INPUT MODULES

Features

- > Resolution = 0.004% of nominal range
- > Two, 4, 8, or 32 single-ended inputs per module
- > Out-of-range indication
- > Factory calibrated; no user adjustment necessary





SNAP Analog Input Modules

DESCRIPTION

SNAP I/O analog input modules are part of Opto 22's SNAP PAC System. All of these modules mount on a SNAP PAC rack with a SNAP PAC brain or R-series controller, either a standard wired model or a Wired+Wireless model.

A minimum number of SNAP module types support a full range of analog input requirements. These software-configurable modules handle a wide variety of signal levels. They provide high resolution (0.004% of nominal range) for precise signal levels, as well as multiple-channel packaging. All SNAP analog modules are factory calibrated and individually tested. Part numbers ending in -FM are Factory Mutual approved.

SNAP analog input modules have an on-board microprocessor to provide module-level intelligence, which makes them an ideal choice for Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs). For additional information about the standalone operation of SNAP analog modules, see Opto 22 form #0876, SNAP I/O Module Integration Guide.

Notes for legacy hardware: Some of these modules also work with older Opto 22 I/O processors (brains or on-the-rack controllers) and M-series or B-series racks. To check processor compatibility, see the table on page 3.

Specifications begin on page 4. For dimensional drawings, see pages 40–51.

IMPORTANT: Any system using analog sensors and input modules should be calibrated annually for analog signals. For I/O units on a SNAP PAC System, use the PAC Control commands "Calculate and Set Offset" and "Calculate and Set Gain." For other Ethernet-based I/O units, you can also use PAC Manager [™] software to calculate and set offset and gain.

Isolation

All SNAP analog input modules are isolated from all other modules and from the SNAP I/O processor. The modules

Part Numbers

| Part | Description | Page | |
|----------------------------------|---|------|--|
| SNAP-AIARMS | 2-channel 0 to 10 amp RMS AC/DC input | 4 | |
| SNAP-AIMA | 2-channel analog current input, -20 to +20 mA | 6 | |
| SNAP-AIMA-4 | 4-channel analog current input -20 to +20 mA | 6 | |
| SNAP-AIMA-8 | 8-channel analog current input -20 to +20 mA | 9 | |
| SNAP-AIMA-32 SNAP-AIMA-32-FM* | 32-channel analog current input -20 to +20 mA | 10 | |
| SNAP-AIRATE | 2-channel 0–25,000 Hz analog rate input | 13 | |
| SNAP-AIR40K-4 | 4-channel analog resistor/thermistor input, 40 K Ohms, 20 K Ohms, 10 K Ohms, or 5 K Ohms | 15 | |
| SNAP-AIR400K-8 | 8-channel analog resistor/thermistor input, 400 K Ohms | 16 | |
| SNAP-AIRTD | 2-channel 100 ohm platinum RTD input | 20 | |
| SNAP-AIRTD-1K | 2-channel 1000 ohm platinum RTD input | 20 | |
| SNAP-AIRTD-10 | 2-channel 10 ohm copper RTD input | 20 | |
| SNAP-AIRTD-8U | 8-channel multifunction RTD/resistance input | 22 | |
| SNAP-AICTD | 2-channel analog temperature input, ICTD | 25 | |
| SNAP-AICTD-4 | 4-channel analog temperature input, ICTD | 25 | |
| SNAP-AICTD-8 | 8-channel analog temperature input, ICTD | 27 | |
| SNAP-AITM | 2-channel analog type E, J, or K thermocouple or -150 to +150 mV input or -75 to +75 mV input | 28 | |
| SNAP-AITM-2 | 2-channel analog type B, C, D, G, N, T, R, or S thermocouple or -50 to +50 mV DC or -25 to +25 mV DC input | 30 | |
| SNAP-AITM-8 SNAP-AITM-8-FM* | 8-channel B, C, D, E, G, J, K, N, R, S, or T thermocouple or -75 to +75 mV, -50 to +50 mV, or -25 to +25 mV input | 30 | |
| SNAP-AIVRMS | 2-channel 0 to 250 V RMS AC/DC input | 31 | |
| SNAP-AIV | 2-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC or -5 to +5 VDC | 32 | |
| SNAP-AIV-4 | 4-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC or -5 to +5 VDC | 32 | |
| SNAP-AIV-8 | 8-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC or -5 to +5 VDC | 34 | |
| SNAP-AIV-32 SNAP-AIV-32-FM* | 32-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC or -5 to +5 VDC | 35 | |
| SNAP-AIMV2-4 | 4-channel -50 to +50 mV input or -25 to +25 mV input | 37 | |
| SNAP-AIMV-4 | 4-channel -150 to +150 mV input or -75 to +75 mV input | 38 | |
| * Factory Mutual appr | * Factory Mutual approved | | |



in this data sheet do not have channel-to-channel isolation, however. (If you need isolated analog modules, see Opto 22 form #1182.)

Transformer isolation prevents ground loop currents from flowing between field devices and causing noise that produces erroneous readings. Ground loop currents are caused when two grounded field devices share a connection, and the ground potential at each device is different.

Isolation also protects sensitive control electronics from industrial field signals.

IMPORTANT: Since these analog input modules provide multiple single-ended input channels with a common reference, the channels are not isolated from each other. (See Opto 22 form #1182 for isolated modules.)

Bipolar and Unipolar Input Modules

Most SNAP analog input modules are considered to be bipolar, which means the range extends equal amounts above and below zero. An example of this is the SNAP-AIV module, which has a range of -10 to \pm 10 VDC.

Some modules are considered unipolar, which means the range starts or ends at zero. For example, the SNAP-AIVRMS module has a range of 0 to 250 VAC because AC current cannot be negative.

Nominal Range and Over-range Limits

All SNAP analog input modules have a nominal range for the field signal and most support a 10% over-range limit. The nominal range is the normal range of the field signal for the module or point configuration. The over-range limit is the maximum valid field signal the module or point configuration can read outside of the nominal range. For example, the over-range limits for the SNAP-AIV are -11 and +11 VDC, and for the SNAP-AIVRMS, the over-range limit is 275 VAC.

Some modules or point configurations do not support field signals outside of the nominal range. For example, points configured as temperature inputs (thermocouple, RTD, ICTD) do not support over-range readings.

When the field signal is outside of the over-range limits of the module, the brain will not be able to determine if the value is too high or too low, so it will return an "out of range" value of -32768.0

Over-range limits only apply to input modules. Output modules are limited to their nominal ranges.



INSTALLATION

Note module and processor compatibility in the following table:

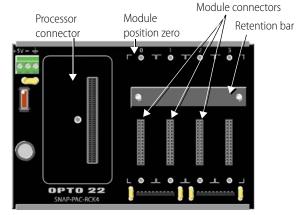
| Modules | Compatible I/O Processors |
|---|---|
| 32-channel inputs 8-channel inputs SNAP-AIRTD-10 SNAP-AIRTD-1K | SNAP PAC R-series controllers and SNAP PAC brains, including Wired+Wireless mod- els |
| 4-channel inputs | SNAP PAC R-series controllers and SNAP PAC brains, including Wired+Wireless models Also the following legacy brains: SNAP Ethernet, SNAP Simple, SNAP Ultimate; SNAP-DNP-ASDS; SNAP OEM |
| 2-channel inputs (except SNAP-AIRTD-10 and SNAP-AIRTD-1K) | SNAP PAC R-series controllers and SNAP PAC brains, including Wired+Wireless models Also the following legacy brains: SNAP Ethernet, SNAP Simple, SNAP Ultimate; SNAP-DNP-ASDS; SNAP OEM; serial SNAP brains (B3000, Modbus, Profibus); B3000-HA; B6 |

All modules can be used with SNAP PAC racks and can be placed in any position on the rack. Two- and four-channel modules (except the SNAP-AIRTD-10 and SNAP-AIRTD-1K) can also be used with legacy SNAP M-series and B-series mounting racks. (For more information on using legacy hardware, see form #1688, the SNAP PAC System Migration Technical Note.)

Modules snap securely into place in the row of connectors on the mounting rack. Each module connector has a number. Analog input modules and other types of SNAP I/O modules are mounted on the module connectors starting at module position zero.

Modules require a special tool (provided) for removal.

The following diagram shows part of a SNAP PAC mounting rack.



- 1. Place the rack so that the module connector numbers are right-side up, with zero on the left, as shown in the diagram above. (If your rack has screw connectors, the screw connectors will be at the bottom.)
- 2. Position the module over the module connector, aligning the small slot at the base of the module with the retention bar on the rack. When positioning modules next to each other, be sure to align the male and female module keys at the tops of the modules before snapping a module into position.
- **3.** With the module correctly aligned, push on the module to snap it into place.
- **4.** Use standard 4-40 x 1/2 truss-head Phillips hold-down screws to secure both sides of each module.
 - **CAUTION:** Do not over-tighten screws. See Specifications.
- **5.** Follow the wiring diagrams beginning on page 4 to attach modules to the devices they monitor. Most modules accept 22 to 14 AWG wire; the SNAP-AITM-8 accepts a maximum of two solid 18 AWG wires.

For faster, easier field wiring installation and maintenance, use **SNAP TEX** cables and breakout boards. See Opto 22 form #1756, the *SNAP TEX Cables & Breakout Boards Data Sheet*, for compatibility and specifications.



0 TO 10 AMP RMS AC/DC INPUT MODULE

SNAP-AIARMS

Description

The SNAP-AIARMS module provides an input range of 0 to 10 amps RMS AC/DC. An ideal input is the 5-amp secondary of a standard current transformer used to monitor AC line current.

The SNAP-AIARMS module may be used to monitor AC current to greater than a 100-amp range, using a current transformer of suitable ratio.

If you need a module with channel-to-channel isolation, see form #1182, the SNAP Isolated Analog Input Modules Data Sheet.

Wiring diagrams are on the following page.



| Part Number | Description | |
|-------------|---|--|
| SNAP-AIARMS | Two-channel 0 to 10 amp RMS AC/DC input | |

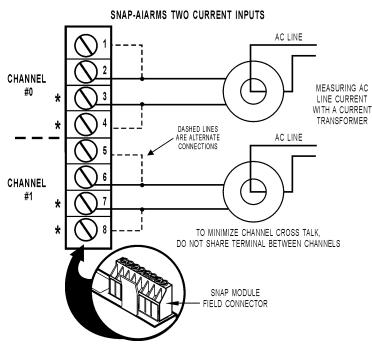
| Input Range | 0 to 10 amp RMS AC/DC |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Input Over-Range | To 11 amps |
| Input Resistance | 0.005 ohms |
| Maximum Input | 11 amps AC/DC |
| Accuracy (AC) | ±8 mA and ±0.2% reading |
| Resolution | 400 microamps |
| DC Reversal | ±16 mA (0.16%) |
| Input Response Time (Step Change) | 63.2% (158 V) in 50 mS 99% (248 V) in 75 mS |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 32.3 ms |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB at 60 Hz |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15 V) at 170 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA, NEBS |
| Warranty | Lifetime |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |



0 TO 10 AMP RMS AC/DC INPUT MODULE (CONTINUED)

SNAP-AIARMS Wiring Diagrams

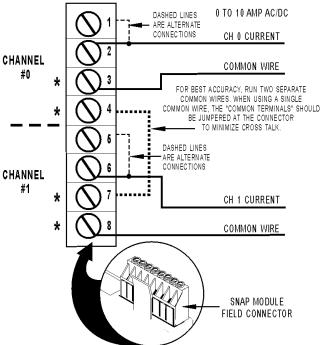
Two possible wiring diagrams are shown below.



*Terminals 3, 4, 7, and 8 share a common connection inside the module. **Make sure you observe polarity** when connecting the second channel. To avoid a potentially hazardous short, double-check wiring before turning on the current to be monitored.

SNAP-AIARMS TWO CURRENT INPUTS







CURRENT INPUT MODULE, -20 mA TO +20 mA, TWO OR FOUR CHANNELS

SNAP-AIMA and SNAP-AIMA-4

Description

The SNAP-AIMA and SNAP-AIMA-4 modules provide an input range of -20mA to +20mA. The SNAP-AIMA has two channels, and the SNAP-AIMA-4 has four. If you need a similar module with more channels, see page 10. Check the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility. These modules DO NOT supply loop excitation current.

Since all inputs share a common reference, the module must be installed at the beginning or end of a typical 4–20mA loop. If you are using both standard and self-sourcing transmitters, either put the transmitters on different modules or use different power supplies. If you need channels that are isolated from each other on the same module, see Opto 22 form #1182.

Wiring diagrams are on the following page.



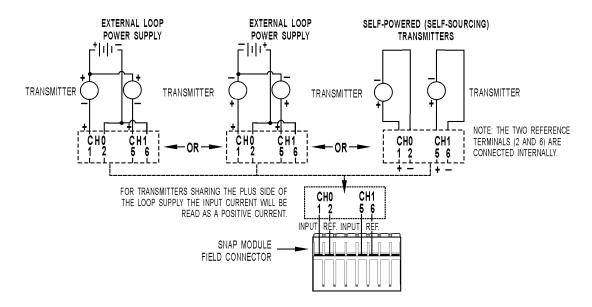
| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|--|
| SNAP-AIMA | Two-channel analog current input, -20 mA to +20 mA |
| SNAP-AIMA-4 | Four-channel analog current input, -20 mA to +20 mA |

| Input Range | -20 mA to +20 mA |
|--|---|
| Resolution | 0.8 microamps |
| Over-Range Limits | From -22 to +22 mA (+/-20 mA range) |
| Input Response Time (% of span/ delta I/delta tme) | 99.9% / 19.9 mA / 10 ms |
| Data Freshness (Max) | SNAP-AIMA: 11.5 ms SNAP-AIMA-4: 23 ms |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | 36 mA or 9 VDC |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy | 0.05% (10 microamps) |
| DRIFT: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 30 PPM/ °C |
| DRIFT: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 15 PPM/ °C |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| Input Resistance - Single Ended | 200 ohms (each channel) |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA ATEX (SNAP-AIMA-4 only) NEBS (SNAP-AIMA only) |
| Warranty | Lifetime |
| | |

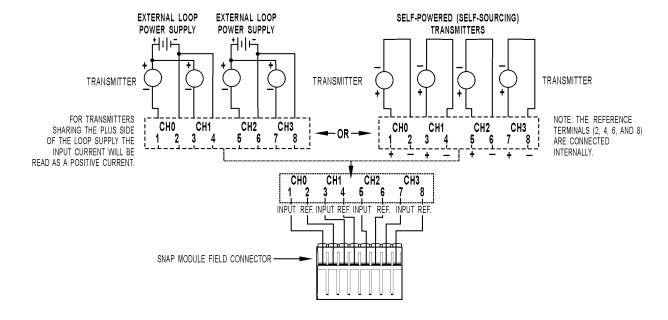


CURRENT INPUT MODULE, -20 MA TO +20 MA, TWO OR FOUR CHANNELS (CONTINUED)

SNAP-AIMA Wiring (Two channels)



SNAP-AIMA-4 Wiring (Four channels)

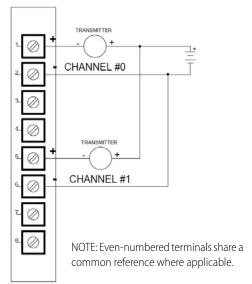




CURRENT INPUT MODULE, -20 mA TO +20 mA, TWO OR FOUR CHANNELS (CONTINUED)

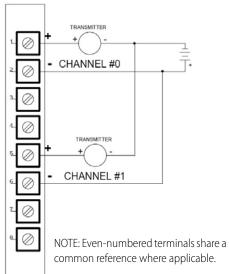
SNAP-AIMA Wiring: Positive Common vs. Negative Common Connections

The following diagrams apply to SNAP-AIMA-2, SNAP-AIMA-4, and SNAP-AIMA-8 modules.



SNAP-AIMA

For transmitters sharing the plus side of the loop supply. Note that input current will be read as a positive current.



SNAP-AIMA

For transmitters sharing the minus side of the loop supply. Note that input current will be read as a negative current.



CURRENT INPUT MODULE, -20 mA TO +20 mA, EIGHT CHANNELS

SNAP-AIMA-8

Description

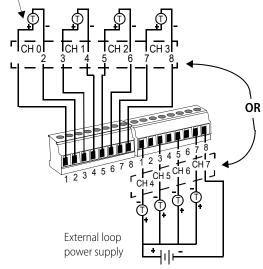
The SNAP-AIMA-8 module provides an input range of -20mA to +20mA with eight channels of analog current input. (If you need a similar module with 32 channels, see page 10.) The SNAP-AIMA-8 can be used with SNAP PAC brains and rack-mounted controllers only. These modules DO NOT supply loop excitation current.

Since all inputs share a common reference, the module must be installed at the beginning or end of a typical 4–20mA loop. If you are using both standard and self-sourcing transmitters, either put the transmitters on different modules or use different power supplies. If you need channels that are isolated from each other on the same module, see Opto 22 form #1182.

If you have multiple self-sourcing transmitters that share the same positive common, do not use this module. Use the SNAP-AIMA-i module instead. See Opto 22 form #1182.

Current Source

4-20 self-powered NOTE: Terminals 2, 4, 6, and 8 on both (self-sourcing) transmitters connectors are connected internally.



NOTE: For transmitters sharing the plus side of the loop power supply, the input current will be read as a positive current.

See additional wiring diagrams on page 8.

| Part I | Number | Description |
|--------|--------|--|
| SNAP-A | AIMA-8 | Eight-channel analog current input, -20 mA to +20 mA |

| Specifications | |
|--|--|
| Input Range | -20 mA to +20 mA |
| Over-Range Limits | From -22 to +22 mA (+/-20 mA range) |
| Resolution | 0.8 microamps |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 0.28 seconds |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | 36 mA or 9 VDC |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy | 0.05% (10 microamps) |
| DRIFT: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 30 PPM/ °C |
| DRIFT: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 15 PPM/ °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| Input Resistance - Single Ended | 100 ohms (all channels share the same reference point) |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 1.7 in-lb (0.19 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | CE, RoHS, DFARS |
| Warranty | Lifetime |





CURRENT INPUT MODULE, -20 MA TO +20 MA, 32 CHANNELS

SNAP-AIMA-32 and SNAP-AIMA-32-FM

Description

The SNAP-AIMA-32 and SNAP-AIMA-32-FM modules provide 32 channels of input with an input range of -20mA to +20mA. The SNAP-AIMA-32-FM is Factory Mutual approved. Check the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility. Dimensional drawings are on page 45.

These modules DO NOT supply loop excitation current.

Channels are not isolated from each other. Since all inputs share a common reference, the module must be installed at the beginning or end of a typical 4–20 mA loop. If you use both standard and self-sourcing transmitters, put the transmitters on different modules or use different power supplies. (If you need channels that are isolated from each other on the same module, see Opto 22 form #1182.)



| Part Number | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| SNAP-AIMA-32 SNAP-AIMA-32-FM | 32-channel analog current input, -20 mA to +20 mA |
| SNAP-HD-BF6 | Wiring harness for SNAP-AIMA-32 modules and breakout racks |
| SNAP-AIMA-HDB SNAP-AIMA-HDB-FM | Breakout racks for SNAP-AIMA-32 and SNAP-AIMA-32-FM |

| Input Range | -20 mA to +20 mA |
|--|--|
| Over-Range Limits | From -22 to +22 mA (+/-20 mA range) |
| Resolution | 0.8 microamps |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 31 Hz |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 1.15 s |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | 36 mA or 9 VDC |
| Maximum Operating Com- mon Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy | 0.1% (20 microamps) |
| DRIFT: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 30 PPM/ °C |
| DRIFT: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 15 PPM/ °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V, field to logic |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 150 mA |
| Input Resistance - Single Ended | 100 ohms (each channel) |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | SNAP-AIMA-32: UL, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA. SNAP-AIMA-32-FM: CE, FM, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |
| | |



Wiring

SNAP TEX cables and a breakout rack are available separately for wiring points to field devices (see form #1756, the SNAP TEX Cables & Breakout Boards Data Sheet). The SNAP-HD-BF6 cable connects the module to the breakout rack, which can then be wired to field devices. (NOTE: The SNAP-HD-CBF6 wiring harness with flying leads is not recommended for this module.)

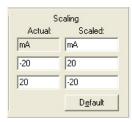
CAUTION: We strongly recommend that you use the breakout rack with these modules. Miswiring of any point on the module can cause severe out-of-warranty damage. The breakout rack protects the module from many wiring errors.

if you are using the module with loop power (2-wire) negative common devices, connect to the SNAP-AIMA-HDB (or -FM) rack. If you are using the module with self-powered devices (4-wire) or with devices that share a common positive connection, do not use the SNAP-AIMA-HDB (or -FM) boards, which have a current limiting diode. Instead, wire to the SNAP-AIV-HDB or SNAP-AIV-HDB-FM.

Correcting for Inverted Scaling

Positive readings for these modules appear as negative values. Therefore, in order to obtain meaningful readings, use the scaling feature in PAC Control as follows:

- 1. In the Add or Edit Analog Point dialog box for each point, choose the scalable version of the module.
- 2. Under Scaling, scale each point negatively as shown below:





4-20mA

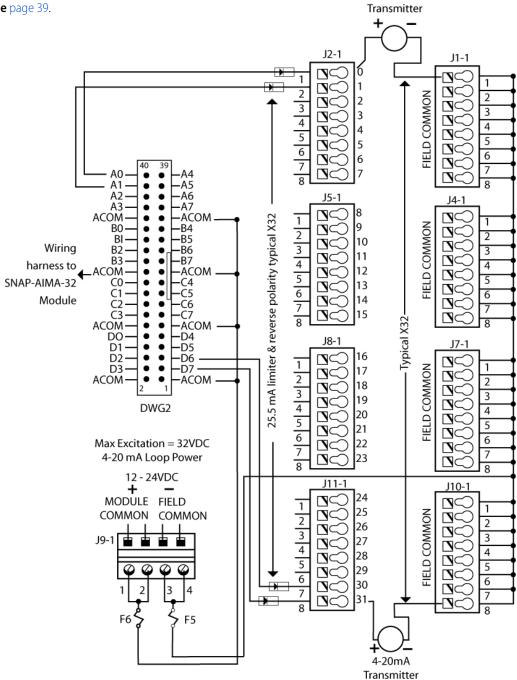
PAGE 12

CURRENT INPUT MODULE, -20 mA TO +20 mA, 32 CHANNELS (CONTINUED)

Wiring diagram: SNAP-AIMA-HDB breakout rack to SNAP-AIMA-32 module

NOTE: This diagram also applies to the SNAP-AIMA-HDB-FM rack and the SNAP-AIMA-32-FM module.

Use with loop power (2-wire) negative common devices only. For self-powered (4-wire) devices, see page 36. For positive common devices, see page 39.





0 TO 25,000 Hz ANALOG RATE INPUT MODULE

SNAP-AIRATE

Description

The SNAP-AIRATE module provides two channels of frequency-to-digital conversion. The nominal input range is 0 to 25,000 Hz with an over-range capability to 27,500 Hz. Nine volts through a 4.7 K ohm pull-up resistor are provided internally for use with devices that have open collector outputs. This feature eliminates the need for the user to provide the pull-up voltage supply and associated wiring, barrier strips, etc.

The module works with TTL, CMOS, and open collector outputs. Truly a two-wire hookup, the SNAP-AIRATE module is ideally suited for use with a tachometer.

Please note that this module does not provide channel-to-channel isolation. If you need isolated channels, see the *SNAP Isolated Analog Input Modules Data Sheet*, form 1182.



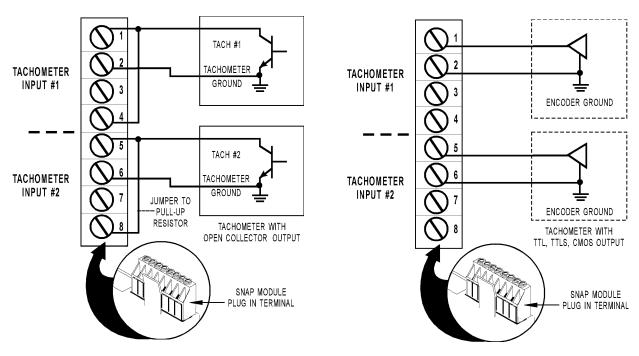
| Number | Description |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| SNAP-AIRATE | 0–25,000 Hz analog rate input |

| Nominal Input Range | 0 to 25,000 Hz |
|--|---|
| Input Over-Range | To 27,500 Hz |
| Resolution | 1 Hz |
| Input Response Time(% of span / delta Hz / delta time) | 10.0% / 2,500 Hz / 0.1 sec 63.2% / 15.8 K Hz / 0.9 sec 99.0% / 24.75 K Hz / 4.2 sec |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 126 ms |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | > -120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | > -120 dB at 60 Hz |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy (% full scale) | ±4 Hz or ±0.5% of the input frequency (whichever is greater) |
| Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 200 ppm / °C |
| Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 50 ppm / °C |
| Input Coupling | Single-ended AC (capacitor coupled) |
| Input Amplitude Sine wave Square wave | 2.5 V to 24 V p-p 0.5 V to 24 V p-p |
| Minimum Pulse Width | 18 microseconds |
| Input Impedance (Inputs share the same reference point.) Pull-up Voltage Pull-up Resistor | 50 K ohms AC coupled (-input to +input) 6 to 9 V 4.7 K ohms |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15 V) at 190 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |



0 TO 25,000 Hz ANALOG RATE INPUT MODULE (CONTINUED)

SNAP-AIRATE Wiring Diagrams



NOTE: This module does not provide channel-to-channel isolation.



THERMISTOR INPUT MODULE 0-40 K, 0-20 K, 0-10 K, OR 0-5 K OHM

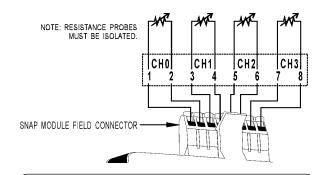
SNAP-AIR40K-4

Description

The SNAP-AIR40K-4 module provides four channels of analog to digital conversion, ideal for thermistors used in HVAC applications or for reading the resistance of potentiometer input. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility.

The default input range is 0 to 40 K Ohms. The module can also be configured for 0 to 20 K, 0 to 10 K, or 0 to 5 K Ohms.

NOTE: Resistance probes must be isolated from each other.



IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.



| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|---|
| | Four-channel analog resistor/thermistor input, 40 K Ohms, 20 K Ohms, 10 K Ohms, or 5 K Ohms |

| Input Range | 0 to 40,000 Ohms 0 to 20,000 Ohms 0 to 10,000 Ohms 0 to 5,000 Ohms |
|--|--|
| Maximum Over-Range | 44 K (40 K Ohms range) 22 K (20 K Ohms range) 11 K (10 K Ohms range) 5.5 K (5 K Ohms range) |
| Resolution | 1.6 Ohm @ 40 K Ohms 0.8 Ohm @ 20 K Ohms 0.4 Ohm @ 10 K Ohms 0.2 Ohm @ 5 K Ohms |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 3.2 Hz |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 100 (40 K Ohms) 200 (20 K Ohms) 400 (10 K Ohms) 800 (5 K Ohms) |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy | 0.1% ± 40 Ohms @ 40 K Ohms 0.1% ± 20 Ohms @ 20 K Ohms 0.1% ± 10 Ohms @ 10 K Ohms 0.1% ± 5 Ohms @ 5 K Ohms |
| DRIFT: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 30 PPM/ °C |
| DRIFT: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 15 PPM/ °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 190 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS |
| Warranty | Lifetime |



THERMISTOR INPUT MODULE 0-400 K, 0-200 K, 0-100 K, 0-50 K, 0-40 K, 0-20 K, 0-10 K, 0-5 K, 0-4 K, 0-2 K, 0-1 K, 0-500 OHM

SNAP-AIR400K-8

Description

The SNAP-AIR400K-8 module has eight channels of analog to digital conversion that convert resistance to temperature or to Ohms. The module is ideal for NTC thermisters commonly used in HVAC, refrigeration, and process control applications. It may also be used with PTC thermisters in resistance sensing applications. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility.

The SNAP-AIR400K-8 reads variable resistance type transducers, and it has 12 resistance input ranges from 500 Ohms to 400 K Ohms, plus Autorange. Range dependent resolution is from 20 milliOhms to 16 Ohms.

SNAP PAC brains and PAC Control provide direct temperature readings for four popular thermistors using the Steinhart-Hart equation (see page 19). You may also enter custom coefficients for other thermistor curves.

The simple two-wire connections are made to the pluggable terminal strip on top of the module.

NOTE: The eight input channels must be electrically isolated from each other and earth ground. The transducer resistor element must be isolated from any electrically conducting probe tube housing.

See page 17 for module specifications.

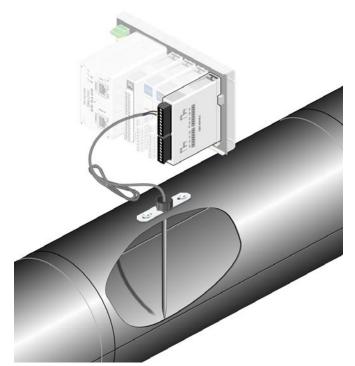
| Variable resistance device CH2 CH3 CH4 CH5 | [ch | ₹ | (| 'nļ |]— | NT | C th | err | nist | tor | | | _ | | Çi | ₹ | (c | √, HŽ |
|--|-----|----------|---|-----|-----|----------------|----------|---------|------|--------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| | | | | | | Var | iabl | e re | esis | taı | nce | de | vice | <u>.</u> | | | | |
| 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | CI | 1 2 | Cł | 13 I | | | Cl | 14 I | CI | 45 I | | | | |
| | | > < | - | 9 | 0 9 | > < | - | > < | | Ţ | - | > • | - | > < | > < | 2 < | > < | |
| | Í | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ĺ | | | | |
| EGND | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 5 | ь | / | 8 | 9 | _ V | | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | _/ | 8 |

IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.

| Part Number | Description |
|----------------|--|
| SNAP-AIR400K-8 | Eight channel analog resistor/thermistor input, 400 K Ohms, 200 K Ohms, 100 K Ohms, 50 K Ohms, 40 K Ohms, 20 K Ohms, 10 K Ohms, 5 K Ohms, 4 K Ohms, 2 K Ohms, 1 K Ohms, 500 Ohms |

Wiring Information

Unshielded 24 AWG wire (minimum) is recommended.







THERMISTOR INPUT MODULE 0-400 K (CONTINUED)

| Specifications | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Input Ranges | | K, 100 K, 50 K, 40 k or custom curve | K, 20 K, 10 K, 5 | K , 4 K, 2 K, 1 | K, 500 | Ohms, or Au | torange |
| Resolution | Resolution 16 Ohm 8 Ohm 4 Ohm 2 Ohm | Range 0 to 400 kOhms 0 to 200 kOhms 0 to 100 kOhms 0 to 50 kOhms | Resolution 1.6 Ohm 0.8 Ohm 0.4 Ohm 0.2 Ohm | Range 0 to 40 kOhm 0 to 20 kOhm 0 to 10 kOhm 0 to 5 kOhm | ns ns ns | Resolution 0.16 Ohm 0.08 Ohm 0.04 Ohm 0.02 Ohm | Range 0 to 4 kOhms 0 to 2 kOhms 0 to 1 kOhms 0 to 500 Ohms |
| Accuracy (Ohms @ Range) 0.1% Reading + 2x Range Resolution + 1 Ohm | 400 Ohms @ 200 Ohms @ 100 Ohms @ 0 Ohms @ |) 200 K) 100 K | 20 Ohms @ 2 10 Ohms @ 1 | 20 Ohms @ 20 K 10 Ohms @ 10 K | | | 4 K 2 K 1 K 500 |
| Data Freshness | 1.61 seconds | s maximum | | | | | |
| DSP Notch Filter | 20 Hz (- 3DI | B = 5.24 Hz) | | | | | |
| Excitation Current Nominal (Range & Load Watts Dissipation) | 90uA (5 K-4 | .1 uW), (100 K–8.1 u' 0 uW), (10 K–81 uW) K–20 uW), (1 K–40 u' | , (20 K–160 uV | /), (40 K–320 ι | ıW) | | |
| Autorange Step Time | | to next higher or lowed ds for a 500 Ohms to | | tep change | | | |
| | | | Ranges | | | | |
| Autorange Ohms Hysteresis | 20K b 10K b 5K b | etween 200K & 400l etween 50K & 100l etween 40K & 50K etween 20K & 40K etween 10K & 20K | K | 1.9K be 200 be 100 be | pen > etween etween etween etween | 2K & 4K 1K & 2K | |
| Predefine Curve | | etween 5K & 10K 3 K curve, 10 K type | 3 curve 10 K tv | ne 2 curve (hy | Δutom | nation Compo | nents Inc) |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB | o it curve, To it type | o curve, to it ty | pc z curve (by | Auton | iation compo | none, mo., |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ | 60 Hz | | | | | |
| Open Resistor Indicator | | stance = 999,999.99 | 0 Ohme | | | | |
| PAC Control Reads | | reading or -32768 OI | | nder range | | | |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage (Field Term to Logic Connector) | 500 VDC or | - | inis ii over or a | nder range | | | |
| Drift Gain Tempco Offset Tempco | 30 PPM / °C 15 PPM / °C | | | | | | |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.1 | 5)@190 mA | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 | °C | | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 | -40 °C to 85 °C | | | | | |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to excee | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | | | | | |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non- | condensing | | | | | |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0. | 59 N-m) | | | | | |
| Agency Approvals | UL, CE; UKO | CA | | | | | |
| Warranty | Lifetime | | | | | | |



THERMISTOR INPUT MODULE 0-400 K (CONTINUED)

Predefined Curves

The following table shows temperatures in °C and °F that correlate with resistance values in Ohms for the generic curve types for four popular thermistors using the Steinhart-Hart equation. Choose the curve type for your application in PAC Control or PAC Manager when you configure a SNAP-AIR400K-8 module. (For custom curves, see page 19.)

Choose a 2-wire thermistor value with a resistance over the target temperature range that is much larger than the lead resistance for your application

Lower value curves (2252 or 3K) work best at cooler temperatures (< 25 °C or 77 °F) because long lead wire resistance can add significant errors to the measurement.

SNAP-AIR400K-8 Predefined Curves Table

| | | 2252 curve | 3K curve | 10K type 3 curve | 10K type 2 curve |
|---------|---------|------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Temp °C | Temp °F | | Res | istance (Ohms) | |
| -40 | -40 | 75,769.0 | 100,935.0 | 239,686.0 | 336,450.0 |
| -35 | -31 | 54,647.0 | 72,798.0 | 179,200.0 | 242,660.0 |
| -30 | -22 | 39,851.0 | 53,088.0 | 135,185.0 | 176,960.0 |
| -25 | -13 | 29,368.0 | 39,123.0 | 102,861.0 | 130,410.0 |
| -20 | -4 | 21,861.0 | 29,122.0 | 78,913.0 | 97,072.0 |
| -15 | 5 | 16,429.0 | 21,885.0 | 61,020.0 | 72,951.0 |
| -10 | 14 | 12,459.0 | 16,598.0 | 47,543.0 | 55,326.0 |
| -5 | 23 | 9,532.0 | 12,698.0 | 37,313.0 | 42,326.0 |
| 0 | 32 | 7,353.0 | 9,795.0 | 29,490.0 | 32,650.0 |
| 5 | 41 | 5,718.0 | 7,617.0 | 23,457.0 | 25,391.0 |
| 10 | 50 | 4,481.0 | 5,970.0 | 18,780.0 | 19,899.0 |
| 15 | 59 | 3,538.0 | 4,713.0 | 15,130.0 | 15,711.0 |
| 20 | 68 | 2,813.0 | 3,748.0 | 12,263.0 | 12,492.0 |
| 25 | 77 | 2,252.0 | 3,000.0 | 10,000.0 | 10,000.0 |
| 30 | 86 | 1,814.0 | 2,417.0 | 8,194.0 | 8,057.0 |
| 35 | 95 | 1,471.0 | 1,959.0 | 6,752.0 | 6,531.0 |
| 40 | 104 | 1,200.0 | 1,598.0 | 5,592.0 | 5,326.0 |
| 45 | 113 | 983.8 | 1,311.0 | 4,655.0 | 4,368.0 |
| 50 | 122 | 811.2 | 1,081.0 | 3,893.0 | 3,602.0 |
| 55 | 131 | 672.5 | 895.8 | 3,271.0 | 2,986.0 |
| 60 | 140 | 560.3 | 746.3 | 2,760.0 | 2,488.0 |
| 65 | 149 | 469.0 | 624.8 | 2,339.0 | 2,083.0 |
| 70 | 158 | 394.5 | 525.5 | 1,990.0 | 1,752.0 |
| 75 | 167 | 333.1 | 443.8 | 1,700.0 | 1,479.0 |
| 80 | 176 | 282.7 | 376.6 | 1,458.0 | 1,255.0 |
| 85 | 185 | 240.9 | 320.9 | 1,255.0 | 1,070.0 |
| 90 | 194 | 206.2 | 274.6 | 1,084.0 | 915.4 |
| 95 | 203 | 177.1 | 236.0 | 939.3 | 786.6 |



| | | 2252 curve | 3K curve | 10K type 3 curve | 10K type 2 curve |
|------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Temp °C | Temp °F | | Res | istance (Ohms) | |
| 100 | 212 | 152.8 | 203.6 | 816.8 | 678.6 |
| 105 | 221 | 132.3 | 176.3 | 712.6 | 587.6 |
| 110 | 230 | 115.0 | 153.2 | 623.6 | 510.6 |
| 115 | 239 | 100.3 | 133.6 | 547.3 | 445.2 |
| 120 | 248 | 87.7 | 116.9 | 481.8 | 389.6 |
| 125 | 257 | 77.0 | 102.6 | 425.3 | 341.9 |
| 130 | 266 | 67.8 | 90.3 | 376.4 | 301.0 |
| 135 | 275 | 59.9 | 79.7 | 334.0 | 265.8 |
| 140 | 284 | 53.0 | 70.6 | 297.2 | 235.4 |
| 145 | 293 | 47.1 | 62.7 | 265.1 | 209.0 |
| 150 | 302 | 41.9 | 55.8 | 237.0 | 186.1 |
| The inform | ation in this | - table is provided | by Automation C | Components, Inc. | |

Custom Curves

To configure the SNAP-AIR400K-8 with custom curves, follow these steps:

- **1.** Configure the I/O unit in PAC Control, PAC Manager, or EtherNet/IP Configurator, and save the configuration to flash memory.
- **2.** Open PAC Manager and choose Tools > Inspect.
- **3.** In the Device Name field, enter the I/O unit's IP address. Click the Point Config button in the left navigation.
- **4.** Choose the module number and point number you want to configure.

- **5.** Click in the Value column next to Point Type and choose Temperature from the dropdown menu.
- **6.** Scroll down and click the Value column next to Thermistor Curve. Choose Unknown.
- **7.** For each coefficient (A, B, K, C), click the Value column and enter your custom coefficient.
- **8.** Click the Apply button at right.
- **9.** Save the configuration to flash memory: Click the Status Write button, under Operation highlight Store configuration to flash, and click Send Command.



RTD INPUT MODULES

SNAP-AIRTD, SNAP-AIRTD-1K, and SNAP-AIRTD-10

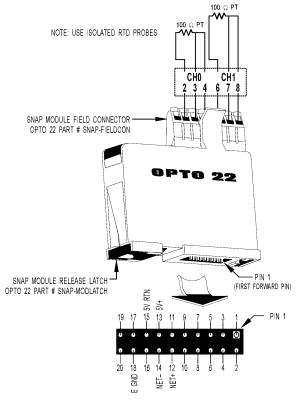
Description

The SNAP-AIRTD and SNAP-AIRTD-1K platinum and the SNAP-AIRTD-10 copper modules are usually used for temperature inputs. They can also be used to make high-resolution resistance measurements.

On all three modules, the two inputs share the same reference terminal. Make sure you use isolated RTD probes.

The SNAP-AIRTD-10 and SNAP-AIRTD-1K require a SNAP PAC brain or R-series controller.

Also see the SNAP-AIRTD-8U module on page 22.



SNAP ANALOG MODULE BASE CONTROL CONNECTOR (BOTTOM VIEW)

IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.

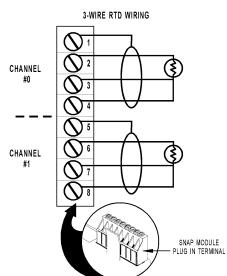
| Part Number | Description |
|---------------|---|
| SNAP-AIRTD-1K | Two-channel 1000 ohm platinum RTD input |
| SNAP-AIRTD | Two-channel 100 ohm platinum RTD input |
| SNAP-AIRTD-10 | Two-channel 10 ohm copper RTD input |

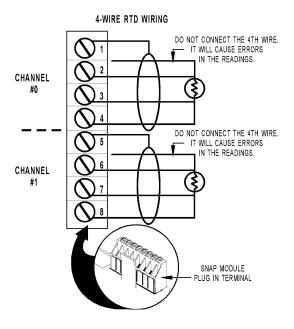
Wiring

RTD input modules are designed for three-wire connections, shown in the diagram below.

If you use a four-wire connection (shown at the bottom right), DO NOT connect the fourth wire, as it will cause errors in the readings.

Two-wire connections are not recommended, as they will degrade accuracy and stability.







RTD INPUT MODULES (CONTINUED)

| | SNAP-AIRTD-1K | SNAP-AIRTD | SNAP-AIRTD-10 |
|--|--|---|--|
| 3-wire RTD input | 1000 ohm platinum @ 0 °C α = 0.00385 1000 ohm nickel @ 0 °C α = 0.00618 1000 ohm nickel @ 70 °F α = 0.00637 | 100 ohm platinum; Ct= 0.00385 100 ohm nickel, -60 to 250 °C 120 ohm nickel, -80 to 260 °C | 10 ohm copper; α= 0.00428 |
| Input Temperature Range | -200 °C to 850 °C (-328° to +1,582° F) | -200 °C to 850 °C (-328° to +1,582° F) | -180 °C to 260 °C (-292° to +500° F) |
| Input Range | 0 to 4000 ohms | 0 to 400 ohms | 0 to 25 ohms |
| Over-Range Limit | to 4400 ohms | to 440 ohms | to 27.5 ohms |
| Resolution (average) | 0.042 °C (0.16 ohms) | 0.042 °C (0.016 ohms) | 0.026 °C (0.001 ohms) |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 0.1 Hz | -3 dB @ 0.1 Hz | -3 dB @ 100 Hz |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 100 ms | 100 ms | 168 ms |
| Lead Compensation | Automatic when used with SNAP brains | Automatic when used with SNAP brains | Automatic when used with SNAP PAC brains |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB | >-120 dB | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB at 60 Hz | >-120 dB at 60 Hz | >-120 dB at 60 Hz |
| Excitation (typical) | 0.256 mA constant current | 1.25 mA constant current | 5.4 mA constant current |
| Maximum Lead Resistance | 40 ohms single wire (all leads to be equal resistance) | 40 ohms single wire (all leads to be equal resistance) | 15 ohms single wire (all leads to be equal resistance) |
| Maximum Fault Voltage at Input (between any 2 field wires) | ±15 V | ±15 V | ±15 V |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V | 250 V | 250 V |
| Accuracy From factory After setting gain and offset | 0.8 °C 0.6 °C | 0.8 °C 0.6 °C | 0.6 °C 0.5 °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V | 1500 V | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5.00 to 5.20 VDC @ 190 mA | 5.00 to 5.20 VDC @ 190 mA | 5.00 to 5.20 VDC @ 190 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C | -20 °C to 70 °C | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C | -40 °C to 85 °C | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG | 22 to 14 AWG | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing | 5-95%, non-condensing | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA | CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime | Lifetime | Lifetime |



RTD INPUT MODULES (CONTINUED)

SNAP-AIRTD-8U

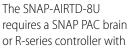
Description

The SNAP-AIRTD-8U provides 8 input channels, each individually software configurable. This module is commonly used for 3-wire RTD temperature inputs but is

also suited to

high-resolution resistance measurements. It features open circuit detection if any wire breaks.

All 8 inputs share the same reference terminal. Make sure you use isolated RTD probes.



firmware R9.5a or higher. The module cannot be used with legacy brains or controllers.



Point Configuration

See table at right. You can individually configure each of the module's 8 points for a variety of behaviors:

- Temperature—Range is fixed. Default range is 0–8000 ohms.
 Choose nickel, platinum, or copper RTD input. The data returned is degrees C or degrees F, depending on your choice for the I/O unit.
- **Fixed-range** (default)—Choose the range you want to use. If the value goes above the limit for that range, an out-of-range value (16-bit) of –32768 is displayed. The data returned is resistance in ohms.
- Full Auto-range

 —The module scrolls up and down the entire
 set of ranges and dynamically chooses the appropriate range for
 best resolution. Note that this point type can result in higher
 latency when ranging up (see Specifications on next page). The
 data returned is resistance in ohms.
- Auto-range Down—The module scrolls down and up within the specified range limit. If the value goes above the specified range, an out-of-range value (16-bit) of –32768 is displayed. These point types allow auto-ranging within the selected range but limit the data latency when ranging up. The data returned is resistance in ohms.

| Part Number | Description |
|---------------|---|
| SNAP-AIRTD-8U | 8-channel multifunction 3-wire RTD/resistance input |

Point Configuration (continued)

Point configuration choices for each of the 8 inputs (default is highlighted in gray):

| Point Type | Range* |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1k Ohm at 70 °F Ni | -46 to +148.9 °C |
| 1k Ohm at 0 °C Ni | -40 to +135 °C |
| 1k Ohm Pt | -200 to +850 °C |
| 120 Ohm Ni | -80 to +260 °C |
| 100 Ohm Ni | -60 to +250 °C |
| 100 Ohm Pt | -200 to +850 °C |
| 10 Ohm Cu | -60 to +355 °C |
| Fixed-range (Default) | 0 - 8000 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 4000 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 2000 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 1000 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 800 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 400 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 200 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 100 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 80 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 40 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 20 Ohms |
| Fixed-range | 0 - 10 Ohms |
| Full Auto-range | 0 - 8000 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 4000 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 2000 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 1000 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 800 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 400 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 200 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 100 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 80 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 40 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 20 Ohms |
| Auto-range Down | 0 - 10 Ohms |
| * Maximum range; actual range | depends on your probe. |



RTD INPUT MODULES (CONTINUED)

Wiring

The SNAP-AIRTD-8U has a plug-in terminal on top with spring-clamp connectors for easy wiring. An insertion tool is provided in the box with the module.

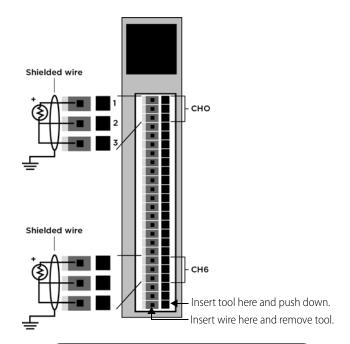
For each connection:

- 1. Insert the tool in the small square hole and push down.
- **2.** Push the wire firmly into the rectangular hole below the tool, and then remove the tool.

The module is designed for 3-wire RTDs, shown below. All wires must be the same size. If you use a 4-wire connection, DO NOT connect the fourth wire, as it will cause errors in the readings. If you use 2-wire RTDs (not recommended because measurement is less accurate), you must jumper terminal 2 to 3 for each applicable RTD channel.

A Note on Calibration

Because the SNAP-AIRTD-8U uses intermittent excitation current for measurements, it cannot be used with RTD calibrators that require a steady excitation current.



IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.



RTD INPUT MODULES (CONTINUED)

| | | SNAP-AIRTD-8U | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | 1000 ohm platinum @ 0 °C α= 0.00385 Range: -200 to 850 °C (-328 to 1,582 °F) | 100 ohm platinum @ 0 °C α= 0.00385 Range: -200 °C to 850 °C (-328 to 1,582 °F) | | | | |
| 3-wire RTD input and maximum temperature table range (actual range depends on your probe) | 1000 ohm nickel @ 0 °C α= 0.00618 Range: -60 to 170 °C (-76 to 356 °F) | C= 0.00618 α= 0.00618 C= 0.00618 Range: -60 to 250 °C Range: -60 to 356 °F) (-76 to 482 °F) | | | | |
| | 1000 ohm nickel @ 70 °F α= 0.00637 Range: -46 to 148.9 °C (-50 to 300 °F) | 120 ohm nickel @ 0 °C α= 0.00672 Range: -80 to 260 °C (-112 to 500 °F) | | | | |
| Input Range | 0 to 4000 ohms | 0 to 400 ohms | 0 to 40 ohms | | | |
| Accuracy From factory After setting gain and offset | 0.8 °C (Pt); 0.6 °C (Ni) 0.6 °C (Pt); 0.4 °C (Ni) | 0.8 °C (Pt); 0.6 °C (Ni) 0.6 °C (Pt); 0.4 °C (Ni) | 1.7 °C 1.2 °C | | | |
| Excitation Current | 0.325 mA | 2 mA | 4.28 mA | | | |
| Over-Range Limit | 10% ov | verrange for all measurements | in ohms | | | |
| Resolution In Ohms In RTD Temperature | The greater of: (Ohms Range / 100,000) or 1 milliohm Better than or equal to 0.05 °C (0.09 °F) | | | | | |
| Input Filtering Front end filtering DSP Notch filter | -15 dB @ 50 Hz, -20 dB @ 60 Hz 20 Hz (-3 DdB = 5.24 Hz) | | | | | |
| Data Freshness (Max) | | 1.2 s | | | | |
| Auto-range Settle Time Step change from 10 to 8000 Step change from 8000 to 10 | <= 10 s ranging | s to the next higher or lower ra up (channel may show overra down (channel will give a read | nge until settled) | | | |
| Total Lead Resistance | | 200 ohms maximum | | | | |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | | >-120 dB | | | | |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | | >-120 dB at 60 Hz | | | | |
| Maximum Survivable Fault Voltage at Input (between any 2 field wires) | | ±8 V | | | | |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 | V field terminal to logic conne | ector | | | |
| Isolation | | 1500 V field side to logic side | | | | |
| Power Requirements | | 5.00 to 5.20 VDC @ 135 mA | | | | |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C | | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | | -40 °C to 85 °C | | | | |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing | | | | | |
| Maximum wire size | | 20 AWG | | | | |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | | | | | |
| Agency Approvals | | UL, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA | 1 | | | |
| Warranty | | Lifetime | | | | |



ICTD TEMPERATURE INPUT MODULE, TWO OR FOUR CHANNELS

SNAP-AICTD and SNAP-AICTD-4

Description

SNAP-AICTD and SNAP-AICTD-4 modules provide temperature input data from any industry-standard Integrated Circuit Temperature Device (ICTD). The SNAP-AICTD has two channels, and the SNAP-AICTD-4 has four channels. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility.

The simple two-wire connections are made to the pluggable terminal strip on top of the module. Up to 2,000 feet of ordinary hook-up wire is used to connect the sensor to the input terminal strip.

Both modules are compatible with all industry-standard ICTD probes, including the AD-590 family from Analog Devices and Opto 22's part number ICTD.



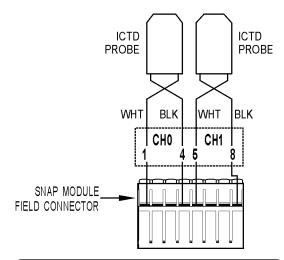
| Part Number | Description |
|--------------|---|
| SNAP-AICTD | Two-channel analog temperature input, ICTD |
| SNAP-AICTD-4 | Four-channel analog temperature input, ICTD |

| Input Range with ICTD Probe | -40 °C to +100 °C |
|--|--|
| , , | 70 0 10 100 0 |
| Module Input Range Zero Scale | -273 °C |
| Full Scale | +150 °C |
| Resolution | 0.017 °C |
| Accuracy with ICTD Probe | ±0.8 °C |
| Sensitivity | 1.0 microamps/ °C |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 167 ms (2-channel module) 355 ms (4-channel module) |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (± .015) @ 150 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |



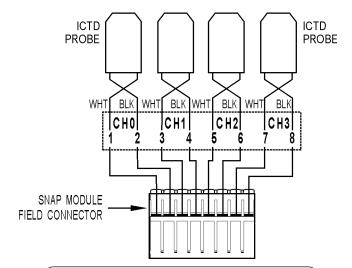
ICTD TEMPERATURE INPUT MODULE (CONTINUED)

SNAP-AICTD (Two channels)



IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.

SNAP-AICTD-4 (Four channels)



IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.



ICTD TEMPERATURE INPUT MODULE, EIGHT CHANNELS

SNAP-AICTD-8

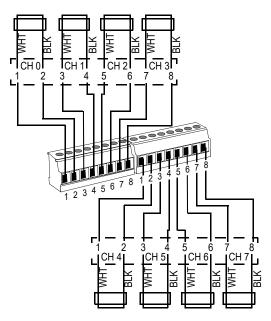
Description

The SNAP-AICTD-8 module provides temperature input data from any industry-standard Integrated Circuit Temperature Device (ICTD). It has eight channels of input. The SNAP-AICTD-8 can be used only with SNAP PAC brains and rack-mounted controllers (standard wired and Wired+Wireless models).

The simple two-wire connections are made to the terminal strip on top of the module. Up to 2,000 feet of ordinary hook-up wire is used to connect the sensor to the input terminal strip.

The module is compatible with all industry-standard ICTD probes, including the AD-590 family from Analog Devices and Opto 22's part number ICTD.

ICTD Source



NOTE: Terminals 2, 4, 6, and 8 on both connectors are connected internally.

| Part Number | Description |
|--------------|--|
| SNAP-AICTD-8 | Eight-channel analog temperature input, ICTD |

| Input Range with ICTD Probe | -40 °C to +100 °C |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Module Input Range | C 10 · 100 C |
| Zero Scale | -273 °C |
| Full Scale | +150 °C |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 0.28 seconds |
| Resolution | 0.017 °C |
| Accuracy with ICTD Probe | ±0.8 °C |
| Sensitivity | 1.0 mA/ °C |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (± .015) @ 170 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 1.7 in-lb (0.19 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |





THERMOCOUPLE/MILLIVOLT INPUT MODULE

SNAP-AITM

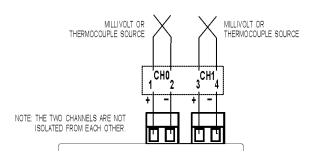
Description

The SNAP-AITM module provides two channels of analog to digital conversion. Each channel on the module can be configured for -150 mV DC to +150 mV DC or -75 mV DC to +75 mV DC, or for type E, J, or K thermocouple operation.

Since both inputs share the same reference terminal, use isolated probes for thermocouple inputs. If you need isolated channels on the same module, see Opto 22 form #1182.

Thermocouple Polarity and Range

| Туре | - | + | Range |
|------|-----|--------|---------------------|
| Е | Red | Purple | -270°C to +1,000 °C |
| J | Red | White | -210°C to +1,200 °C |
| K | Red | Yellow | -270°C to +1,372 °C |



IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.



| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|---|
| SNAP-AITM | Two-channel analog type E, J, or K thermocouple or -150 mV to +150 mV input or -75 mV to +75 mV input |

| • | |
|--|---|
| Input Range | -150 mV to +150 mV -75 mV to +75 mV |
| Over-Range Limits | -165 to +165 mV (+/-150 mV range) -82.5 to +82.5 mV (+/-75 mV range) |
| Resolution | 6 microvolts from -150 to +150 mV 3 microvolts from -75 to +75 mV |
| Cold Junction Temperature Compensation | Automatic when used with SNAP I/O processors |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 7 Hz |
| Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) | 63.2%/95 mV/23 mS |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 167 ms (+/-150 mV) 334 ms (+/-75 mV) |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | ±15 volts |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy at Full Scale | 0.06% (90 microvolts) @ 150 mV 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV |
| Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 5 microvolts / °C |
| Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 2 microvolts / °C |
| Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory After user gain and offset | ± 2.0 (E, J, and K) |
| commands | ± 0.8 |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| Input Resistance | 100 Megohms (each channel) |
| Ambient Temperature: Operating Storage | -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |
| | |



THERMOCOUPLE/MILLIVOLT INPUT MODULE

SNAP-AITM-2

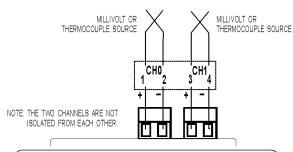
Description

The SNAP-AITM-2 module provides an input range of ± 50 mV, ± 25 mV, or Type B, C, D, G, N, T, R, or S thermocouple.

Since both inputs share the same reference terminal, use isolated probes for thermocouple inputs. If you need isolated channels on the same module, see Opto 22 form #1182.

Thermocouple Polarity and Range

| Type | - | + | Range |
|---------|-----|--------|----------------------|
| В | RED | GRAY | +42° C to +1,820 °C |
| C, D, G | RED | WHITE | 0° C to +2,320 °C |
| N | RED | ORANGE | -270° C to +1,300 °C |
| R, S | RED | BLACK | -50° C to +1,768 °C |
| Т | RED | BLUE | -270° C to +400 °C |



IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.



| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|--|
| SNAP-AITM-2 | Two-channel analog type B, C, D, G, N, T, R, or S thermocouple or -50 mV to +50 mVDC input or -25 mV to +25 mVDC input |

| Input Range | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Resolution 2 microvolts from -50 mV to +50 mV range) Resolution 2 microvolts from -50 mV to +50 mV 1 microvolts from -25 mV to +25 mV Cold Junction Temperature Compensation SNAP brains Input Filtering -3 dB @ 2.4 Hz Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) Data Freshness (Max) 167 ms (+/- 50 mV) 334 ms (+/- 25 mV) DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws 7 in how microvolts of microvo | Input Range | | | |
| Cold Junction Temperature Compensation Input Filtering Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) Data Freshness (Max) DC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Voltage Accuracy at Full Scale Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] After user gain and offset commands Isolation Isolation Toput Filtering 163.2%/31.5 mV/66 ms 63.2%/31.5 mV/66 ms 64.2 mV 65.2 mV 65.2 mV 66.3 Hz 66.3 Hz 66.4 Hz 6 | Over-range Limits | ` , | | 0 , |
| Input Filtering -3 dB @ 2.4 Hz Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) Data Freshness (Max) 167 ms (+/- 50 mV) 334 ms (+/- 25 mV) DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Resolution | | | |
| Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) Data Freshness (Max) DC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection Maximum Survivable Input #15 volts Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage Accuracy at Full Scale Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory After user gain and offset commands Isolation #150 V Power Requirements #150 V #150 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating #150 V #150 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating #150 V #150 PARS; UKCA | · | | | with |
| (% of span/delta V/delta time) Data Freshness (Max) DC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection Maximum Survivable Input Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage Accuracy at Full Scale Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements Driver Temperature: Operating Common Mode Voltage 63.2%/31.5 mV/b6 ms 167 ms (+/- 50 mV) 334 ms (+/- 25 mV) >-120 dB 60 Hz 415 volts Maximum Operating 250 V 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S | Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 2.4 Hz | | |
| Data Freshness (Max) 334 ms (+/- 25 mV) DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | · | 63.2%/31.5 | 5 mV/66 ms | |
| AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 2 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Data Freshness (Max) | • | , | |
| Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 2 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB | | |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance Ambient Temperature: Operating Storage 40 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ | 0) 60 Hz | |
| Accuracy at Full Scale O.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory After user gain and offset commands Isolation Power Requirements Input Resistance Ambient Temperature: Operating Storage Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws O.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Bond To mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV To mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV To mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV To mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV O.2% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV To my olive in the contractor of the contract | Maximum Survivable Input | ±15 volts | | |
| Accuracy at Full Scale 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating Coperating Storage 40 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | | 250 V | | |
| cient Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Accuracy at Full Scale | , , | | |
| ficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | | 5 microvolt | s/°C | |
| From factory ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | • | 2 microvolt | s/°C | |
| After user gain and offset commands ±3 | Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] | B, R, S | C, D, G | T, N |
| commands ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | From factory | ±5 | ±4 | ±3 |
| Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | - | ±3 | ±2 | ±2 |
| Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Isolation | 1500 V | | |
| Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0. | 15)@170 | mA |
| Operating Storage -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Input Resistance | | | hannel) |
| Agency Approvals FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Operating | | | |
| Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing | | g |
| Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Agency Approvals | FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA | | S; UKCA |
| | Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | |).11 N-m) |
| Warranty Lifetime | Torque, connector screws | 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | | |
| | Warranty | Lifetime | | |



THERMOCOUPLE/MILLIVOLT INPUT MODULE

SNAP-AITM-8 and SNAP-AITM-8-FM

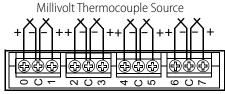
Description

The SNAP-AITM-8 and SNAP-AITM-8-FM modules provide eight channels of analog to digital conversion. Each channel on the module can be configured for -75 mV DC to +75 mV DC, -50 mV DC to +50 mV DC, -25 mV DC to +25 mV DC, or for type B, C, D, E, G, J, K, N, R, S or T thermocouple operation.

Since all inputs share the same reference terminal, use isolated probes for thermocouple inputs. See the dimensional diagram on page 42.

Thermocouple Polarity and Range

| Туре | - | + | Range |
|---------|-----|--------|----------------------|
| В | RED | GRAY | +42° C to +1,820 °C |
| C, D, G | RED | WHITE | 0° C to +2,320 °C |
| Е | RED | PURPLE | -270°C to +1,000 °C |
| J | RED | WHITE | -210°C to +1,200 °C |
| K | RED | YELLOW | -270°C to +1,372 °C |
| N | RED | ORANGE | -270° C to +1,300 °C |
| R, S | RED | BLACK | -50° C to +1,768 °C |
| Т | RED | BLUE | -270° C to +400 °C |



Common terminals are connected internally.

NOTE: For best accuracy, wire all points before calibrating, and short all unused channels.

The SNAP-AITM-8-FM is Factory Mutual approved.



| Part Number | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| SNAP-AITM-8 SNAP-AITM-8-FM | 8-channel B, C, D, E, G, J, K, N, R, S, or T thermocouple or -75 mV to +75 mV, 50 mV to +50 mV, or 25 mV to +25 mV input |

| 1.75 mV to +75 mV | Specifications | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|------|
| Over-Range Limits -55 to +55 mV (+/-50 mV range) -27.5 to +27.5 mV (+/-25 mV range) Resolution 3 microvolts from -75 mV to +75 mV 2 microvolts from -50 mV to +50 mV 1 microvolts from -25 mV to +25 mV Cold Junction Temperature Compensation Automatic when used with SNAP I/O processors Input Filtering -3 dB @ 5 Hz Data Freshness (Max) 2.25 s DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 2 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: -20 °C to 70 | Input Range | -50 mV to +5 | 50 mV | | |
| Resolution 2 microvolts from -50 mV to +50 mV 1 microvolts from -25 mV to +25 mV Cold Junction Temperature Compensation Automatic when used with SNAP I/O processors Input Filtering -3 dB @ 5 Hz Data Freshness (Max) 2.25 s DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C | Over-Range Limits | -55 to +55 m | ıV (+/-50 mV ı | range) | |
| Compensation processors Input Filtering -3 dB @ 5 Hz Data Freshness (Max) 2.25 s DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 2 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 After user gain and offset commands 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Resolution | 2 microvolts | from -50 mV | to +50 mV | |
| Data Freshness (Max) DC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection AC Common Mode Rejection Maximum Survivable Input #15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage O.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV | • | | hen used with | SNAP I/O | |
| DC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 2 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 5 H | z | | |
| AC Common Mode Rejection >-120 dB @ 60 Hz Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient 7 cm couple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Data Freshness (Max) | 2.25 s | | | |
| Maximum Survivable Input ±15 volts Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 250 V Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] From factory 42.0 45. 45. After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB | | | |
| Max Operating Common Mode Voltage 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ | 60 Hz | | |
| Voltage 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C 2 microvolts / °C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Maximum Survivable Input | ±15 volts | | | |
| Accuracy at Full Scale 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient 5 microvolts / °C Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | | 250 V | | | |
| cient Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Accuracy at Full Scale | 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50 mV | | | |
| ficient 2 microvolis / C Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] E, J, K B, R, S C, D, G T, N From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | • | 5 microvolts | /°C | | |
| From factory ±2.0 ±5 ±4 ±3 After user gain and offset commands ±0.5 ±3 ±2 ±2 Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | • | 2 microvolts | /°C | | |
| After user gain and offset commands 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating Storage -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Thermocouple Accuracy [°C] | E, J, K | B, R, S | C, D, G | T, N |
| commands Isolation 1500 V Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | From factory | ±2.0 | ±5 | ±4 | ±3 |
| Power Requirements 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 200 mA Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | • | ±0.5 | ±3 | ±2 | ±2 |
| Input Resistance 100 Megohms (each channel) Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Isolation | 1500 V | | | |
| Ambient Temperature: Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.1 | 5) @ 200 mA | | |
| Operating -20 °C to 70 °C Storage -40 °C to 85 °C Humidity 5-95%, non-condensing Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Input Resistance | 100 Megohn | ns (each chan | inel) | |
| Torque, hold-down screws Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | Operating | | | | |
| | Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing | | | |
| Torque, connector screws 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) | | | |
| | Torque, connector screws | 3 in-lb (0.34 N-m) | | | |
| Agency Approvals SNAP-AITM-8: UL, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA SNAP-AITM-8-FM: FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA | Agency Approvals | | | | |
| Warranty Lifetime | Warranty | Lifetime | | | |



0 TO 250 VOLT RMS AC/DC INPUT MODULE

SNAP-AIVRMS

Description

The SNAP-AIVRMS module provides an input range of 0 to 250 volts AC or DC. The SNAP-AIVRMS module may be used to monitor 120/240-volt AC/DC and 12/24/48-volt AC/DC system voltage.

Terminals 3, 4, 7, and 8 share a common connection inside the module. Make sure you observe polarity when connecting the second channel. To avoid a potentially hazardous short, double-check wiring before turning on the voltage to be monitored.

If you need a module with channel-to-channel isolation, see form #1182, the SNAP Isolated Analog Input Modules Data Sheet.

CHANNEL #0 CHANNEL #1 CHANNEL #1 SNAP-AIVRMS TWO VOLTAGE INPUTS 0 TO 250V AC/DC HOT WIRE COMMON WIRE COMMON WIRE SNAP MODULE FIELD CONNECTOR

*Terminals 3,4,7,8 are connected together internally.



| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|--|
| SNAP-AIVRMS | Two-channel 0 to 250 V RMS AC/DC input |

| Input Range | 0 to 250 V RMS AC/DC |
|--|--|
| Input Over-Range | To 275 V |
| Input Resistance | 1 M ohms |
| Accuracy | ±0.2 V and ±0.2% reading |
| Resolution | 10 mV |
| DC Reversal | ± 0.4 V (.16%) |
| Input Response Time (Step Change) | 5% (12.5 V) in 100 mS 63.2% (158 V) in 200 mS 99% (248 V) in 1200 mS |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 32.3 ms |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15 V) at 170 mA |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |
| | |



VOLTAGE INPUT MODULE, -10 VDC TO +10 VDC OR -5 VDC TO +5 VDC, TWO OR FOUR CHANNELS

SNAP-AIV and SNAP-AIV-4

Description

The SNAP-AIV and SNAP-AIV-4 modules can be configured for either -10 VDC to +10 VDC or -5 VDC to +5 VDC operation on each channel. The SNAP-AIV provides two channels, and the SNAP-AIV-4 four. If you need a module with more channels, see page 34. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility.

Note that all channels share a common reference terminal. If you need two isolated channels on the same module, see Opto22 form #1182.



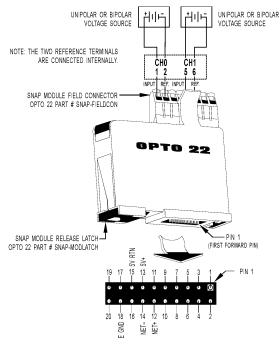
| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|--|
| SNAP-AIV | Two-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC |
| SNAP-AIV-4 | Four-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC |

| Input Range F | from -10 volts to +10 volts |
|---|--|
| F | |
| Over-Range i imiis | rom -11 to +11 volts (+/-10 V range) rom -5.5 to +5.5 volts (+/-5 V range) |
| Resolution | .4 mV when configured -10 to +10 volts .2 mV when configured -5 to +5 volts |
| Input Filtering -3 | 3 dB @ 64 Hz |
| Input Response Time (% of span/ delta V / delta t) | 3.2% / 6.7 V / 10 ms |
| Data Freshness (Max) 2 | 1.5 ms (2-channel, +/- 10 VDC) 3 ms (2-channel, +/- 5 VDC 3 ms (4-channel, +/- 10 VDC) 6 ms (4-channel, +/- 5 VDC |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | -120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | -120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input 2 | 20 VAC or 300 VDC |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 50 V |
| ACCUEACY | .05%, 5 mV @ 10 VDC .5 mV @ 5 VDC |
| Gain Temperature Coefficient | 0 PPM/ °C |
| Offset Temperature Coefficient | 5 PPM/ °C |
| Isolation 1 | 500 V |
| Power Requirements 5 | VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| indui Resisiance | M ohms (each channel; both channels hare the same reference point) |
| -1 3 | 20 °C to 70 °C 40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity 5 | -95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size 2 | 2 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws N | lot to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws 5 | .22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Adency Approvais | JL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA IEBS (SNAP-AIV only) |
| Warranty L | ifetime |



VOLTAGE INPUT MODULE, -10 VDC TO +10 VDC OR -5 VDC TO +5 VDC, FOUR CHANNELS (CONTINUED)

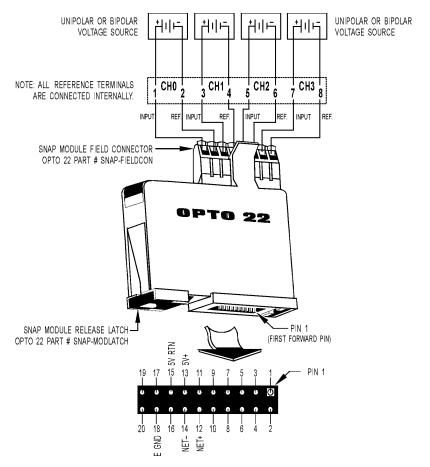
SNAP-AIV (Two channels)



SNAP ANALOG MODULE BASE CONTROL CONNECTOR (BOTTOM VIEW)

IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.

SNAP-AIV-4 (Four channels)



SNAP ANALOG MODULE BASE CONTROL CONNECTOR (BOTTOM VIEW)



VOLTAGE INPUT MODULE, -10 VDC TO +10 VDC OR -5 VDC TO +5 VDC, EIGHT CHANNELS

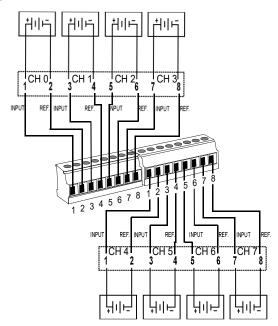
SNAP-AIV-8

Description

The SNAP-AIV-8 module can be configured for either -10 VDC to \pm 10 VDC or -5 VDC to \pm 5 VDC operation on each of its eight input channels. (If you need a module with more channels, see page 35.) The SNAP-AIV-8 can be used only with SNAP PAC brains and rack-mounted controllers (standard wired and Wired+Wireless models).

Note that all channels share a common reference terminal. If you need two isolated channels on the same module, see Opto22 form #1182.

Voltage Source



NOTE: Terminals 2, 4, 6, and 8 on both connectors are connected internally.



| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|---|
| SNAP-AIV-8 | Eight-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC |

| Input Range | -10 volts to +10 volts -5 volts to +5 volts |
|--|--|
| Over-Range Limits | -11 to +11 volts (+/-10 V range) -5.5 to +5.5 volts (+/-5 V range) |
| Resolution | 0.4 mV when configured -10 to +10 V 0.2 mV when configured -5 to +5 V $$ |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 64 Hz |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 0.28 seconds |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | 220 VAC or 300 VDC |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy | 0.05%, 5 mV @ 10 VDC 2.5 mV @ 5 VDC |
| Gain Temperature Coefficient | 30 PPM/ °C |
| Offset Temperature Coefficient | 15 PPM/ °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| Input Resistance | 1 M ohms (all channels share the same reference point) |
| Ambient Temperature: Operating Storage | -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 1.7 in-lb (0.19 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | CE, RoHS, DFARS |
| Warranty | Lifetime |



VOLTAGE INPUT MODULE, -10 VDC TO +10 VDC OR -5 VDC TO +5 VDC, 32 CHANNELS

SNAP-AIV-32 and SNAP-AIV-32-FM

Specifications

| Input Range | -10 volts to +10 volts -5 volts to +5 volts |
|--|--|
| Over-Range Limits | -11 to +11 volts (+/-10 V range) -5.5 to +5.5 volts (+/-5 V range) |
| Resolution | 0.4 mV when configured -10 volts to +10 volts 0.2 mV when configured -5 volts to +5 volts |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 31 Hz |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 1.1 s |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | 220 VAC or 300 VDC |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy | 0.05%, 5 mV @ 10 VDC 2.5 mV @ 5 VDC |
| Gain Temperature Coefficient | 30 PPM/ °C |
| Offset Temperature Coefficient | 15 PPM/ °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 150 mA |
| Input Resistance | 1 M ohms (each channel; all channels share the same reference point) |
| Ambient Temperature: Operating Storage | -20 °C to 70 °C -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | SNAP-AIV-32: UL, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA SNAP-AIV-32-FM: FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |
| | |

| Part Number | Description |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| SNAP-AIV-32 SNAP-AIV-32-FM | 32-channel analog voltage input -10 to +10 VDC |
| SNAP-HD-CBF6 | Wiring harness with flying leads for SNAP-AIV-32 modules |
| SNAP-HD-BF6 | Wiring harness for SNAP-AIV-32 modules and SNAP-AIV-HDB breakout racks |
| SNAP-AIV-HDB SNAP-AIV-HDB-F M | Breakout racks for SNAP-AIV-32 and SNAP-AIV-32-FM |

Description

The SNAP-AIV-32 and SNAP-AIV-32-FM modules can be configured for either -10 VDC to +10 VDC or -5 VDC to +5 VDC operation on each of its 32 channels. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility. The SNAP-AIV-32-FM is Factory Mutual approved.

Note that all channels share a common reference terminal. (For channel-to-channel isolated modules, see Opto22 form #1182.)

SNAP TEX cables and a breakout rack are available separately for wiring points to field devices (see form #1756, the *SNAP TEX Cables & Breakout Boards Data Sheet*). The SNAP-HD-BF6 wiring harness connects the module to the breakout rack, which can then be wired to field devices. The SNAP-HD-CFB6 wiring harness has flying leads to connect to field devices.

See the dimensional drawing for the module on page 45.

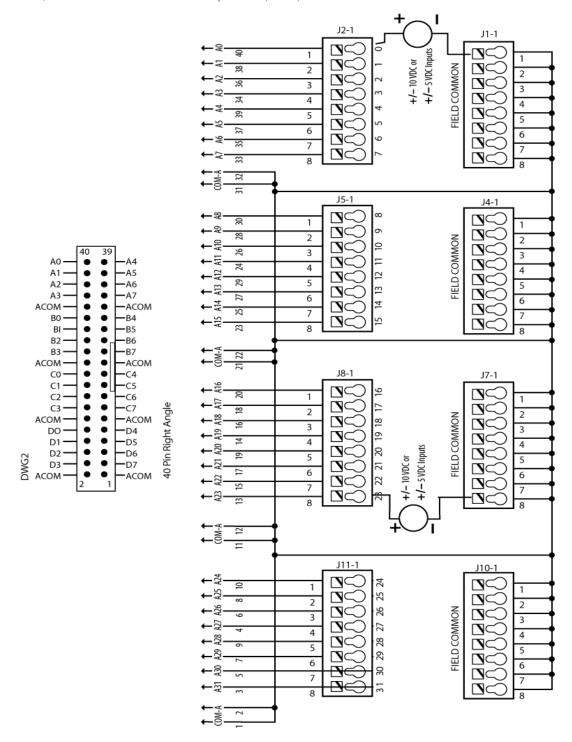




VOLTAGE INPUT MODULE -10 VDC TO +10 VDC OR -5 VDC TO +5 VDC (CONTINUED)

Wiring diagram: SNAP-AIV-HDB breakout rack to SNAP-AIV-32 or SNAP-AIV-32-FM module

NOTE: This diagram is also used to wire the SNAP-AIV-HDB breakout rack to a SNAP-AIMA-32 or SNAP-AIMA-32-FM module, when the module connects to self-powered (4-wire) device.





MILLIVOLT INPUT MODULE

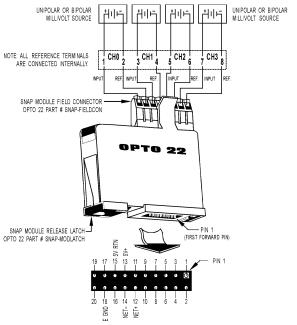
SNAP-AIMV2-4

Description

The SNAP-AIMV2-4 module provides four channels of analog to digital conversion. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility.

Each channel on the module can be configured for -50 mV DC to \pm 50 mV DC or -25 mV DC to \pm 25 mV DC.

Note that all inputs share the same reference terminal.



SNAP ANALOG MODULE BASE CONTROL CONNECTOR (BOTTOM VIEW)

IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.

| Part Number | Description |
|--------------|--|
| SNAP-AIMV2-4 | Four-channel -50 to +50 mV input or -25 mV to +25 mV input |

Specifications

| Input Range | From -50 mV to +50 mV From -25 mV to +25m V |
|--|--|
| Over-Range Limits | From -55 to +55 mV (+/-50 mV range) From -27.5 to +27.5 mV (+/-25 mV range) |
| Resolution | 2 microvolts (-50 mV to +50 mV) 1 microvolt (-25 mV to +25 m V) |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 2.4Hz |
| Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) | 63.2%/31.5 mV/66 ms |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 335 ms (+/- 50 mV) 668 ms (+/- 25 mV) |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | ±15 volts |
| Maximum Operating Com- mon Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy at Full Scale | 0.1% (50 microvolts) @ 50m V 0.2% (50 microvolts) @ 25 mV |
| Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 3 microvolts / °C |
| Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 2 microvolts / °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| Input Resistance - Single Ended | 100 Megohms (each channel) |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |



MILLIVOLT INPUT MODULE

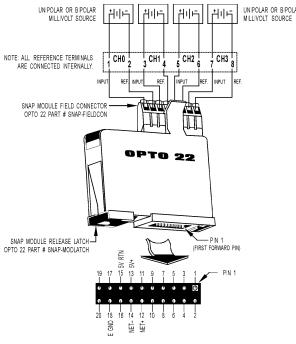
SNAP-AIMV-4

Description

The SNAP-AIMV-4 module provides four channels of analog to digital conversion. See the table on page 3 for I/O processor compatibility.

Each channel on the module can be configured for -150 mV DC to +150 mV DC or -75 mV DC to +75 mV DC.

Note that all inputs share the same reference terminal.



SNAP ANALOG MODULE BASE CONTROL CONNECTOR (BOTTOM VIEW)

IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.

| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|---|
| SNAP-AIMV-4 | Four-channel -150 to +150 mV or -75 to +75 mV input |

Specifications

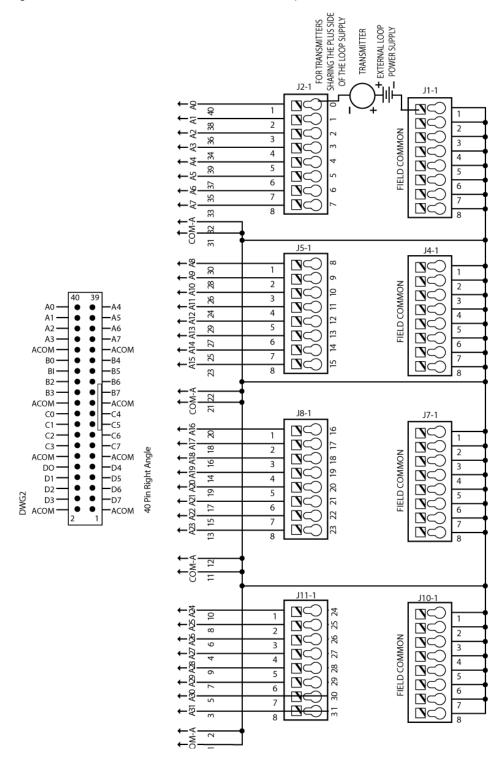
| Input Range | From -150 mV to +150 mV From -75 mV to +75m V |
|--|---|
| Over-Range Limits | From -165 to +165 mV (+/-150 mV range) From -82.5 to +82.5 mV (+/-75 mV range) |
| Resolution | 6 microvolts (-150 mV to +150 mV) 3 microvolts (-75 mV to +75 mV) |
| Input Filtering | -3 dB @ 7 Hz |
| Input Response Time (% of span/delta V/delta time) | 63.2%/95 mV/23 ms |
| Data Freshness (Max) | 335 ms (+/- 150 mV) 668 ms (+/- 75 mV) |
| DC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB |
| AC Common Mode Rejection | >-120 dB @ 60 Hz |
| Maximum Survivable Input | ±15 volts |
| Maximum Operating Common Mode Voltage | 250 V |
| Accuracy at Full Scale | 0.06% (90 microvolts) @ 150 mV 0.1% (75 microvolts) @ 75 mV |
| Drift: Gain Temperature Coefficient | 3 microvolts / °C |
| Drift: Offset Temperature Coefficient | 2 microvolts / °C |
| Isolation | 1500 V |
| Power Requirements | 5 VDC (±0.15) @ 170 mA |
| Input Resistance - Single Ended | 100 Megohms (each channel) |
| Operating Temperature | -20 °C to 70 °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 °C to 85 °C |
| Humidity | 5-95%, non-condensing |
| Wire size | 22 to 14 AWG |
| Torque, hold-down screws | Not to exceed 1 in-lb (0.11 N-m) |
| Torque, connector screws | 5.22 in-lb (0.59 N-m) |
| Agency Approvals | UL, FM, CE, RoHS, DFARS; UKCA |
| Warranty | Lifetime |



Alternate Wiring Diagram

SNAP-AIV-HDB breakout rack to SNAP-AIMA-32 or SNAP-AIMA-32-FM module

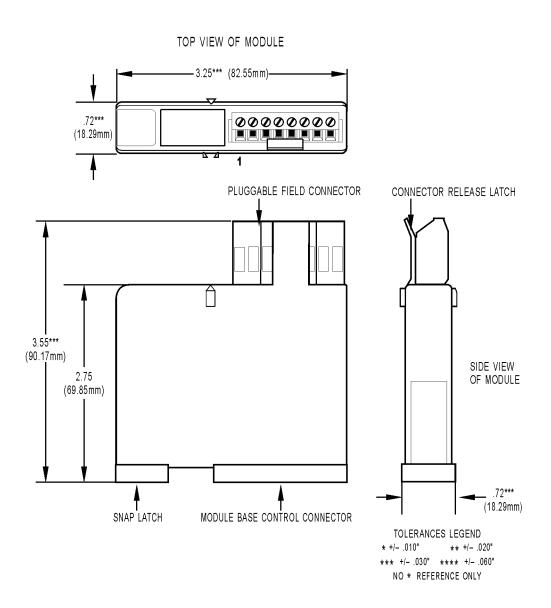
Use this diagram when the module connects to devices that share a positive common connection





DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

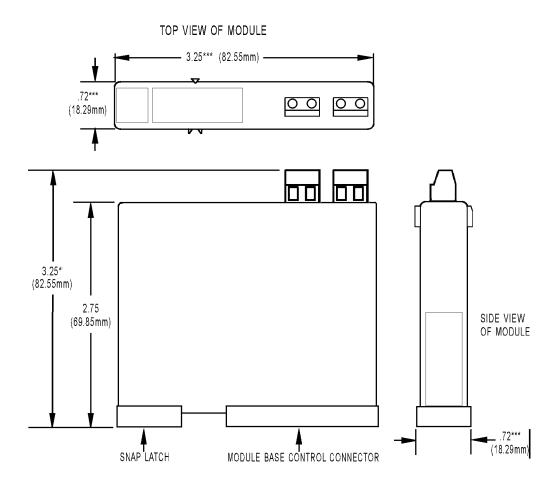
All Two- and Four-channel Modules, except SNAP-AITM-2





DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

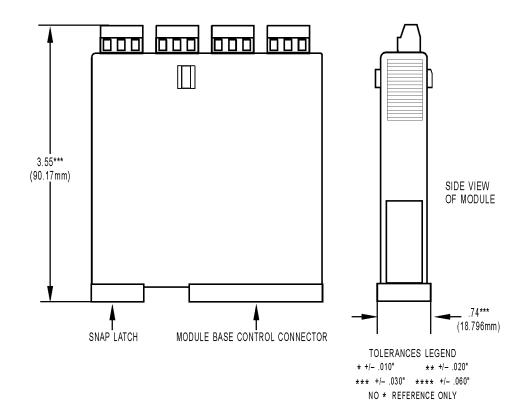
SNAP-AITM-2 Modules





DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

SNAP-AITM-8 and SNAP-AITM-8-FM Modules

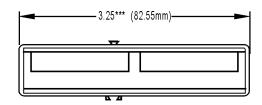


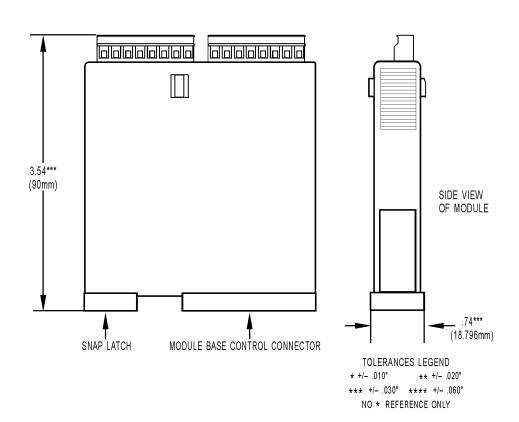


DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

SNAP-AICTD-8, SNAP-AIMA-8, SNAP-AIV-8, and SNAP-AIR400K-8 Modules

TOP VIEW OF MODULE

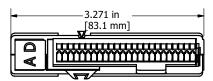


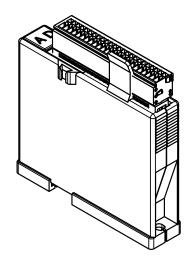


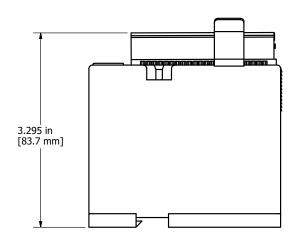


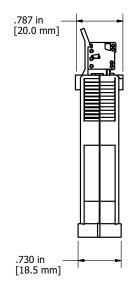
DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

SNAP-AIRTD-8U





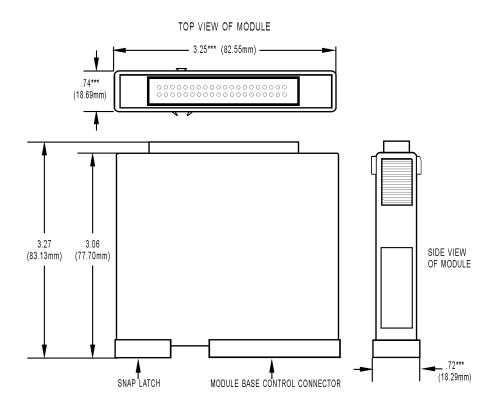






DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

All 32-Channel Modules

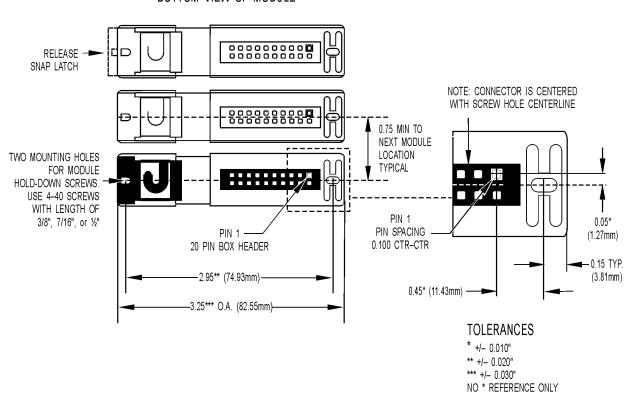




DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

All Modules

BOTTOM VIEW OF MODULE

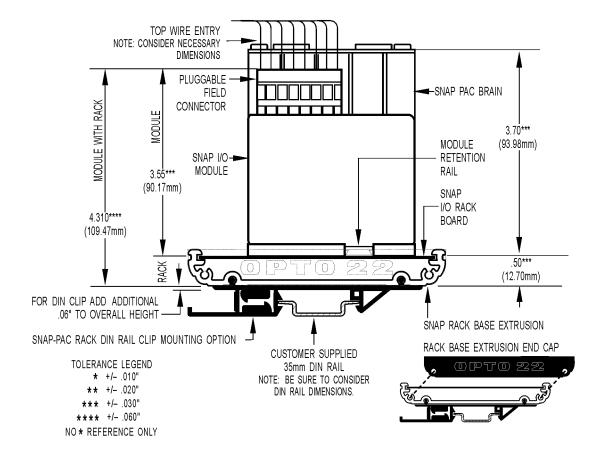


IMPORTANT: The mounting rack connector has 24 pins; the module connector has 20 pins. The extra pins on the mounting rack connector prevent misalignment of the module during installation.



DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

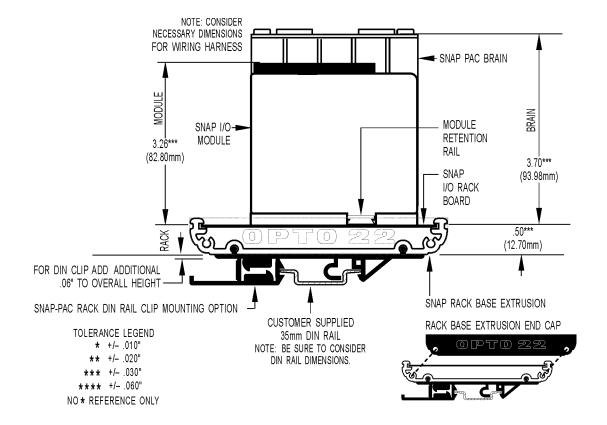
Height on Rack: All Two- and Four-channel Modules, except SNAP-AITM-2





DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

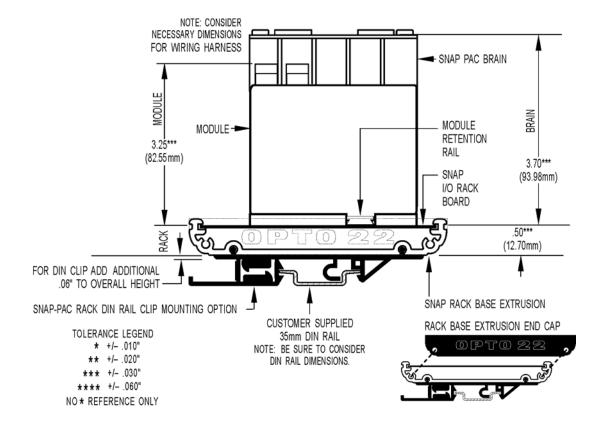
Height on Rack: 32-Channel Modules





DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGE

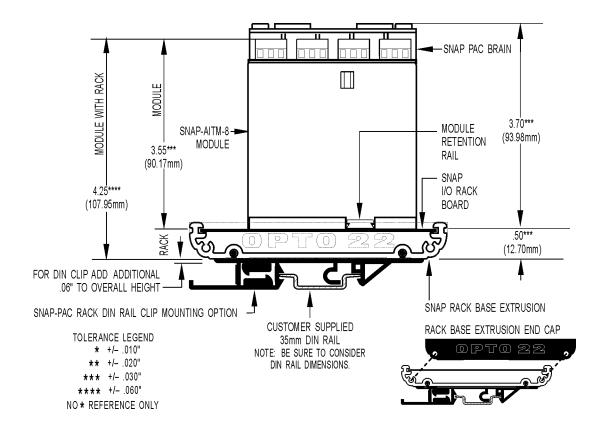
Height on Rack: SNAP-AITM-2 Module





DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

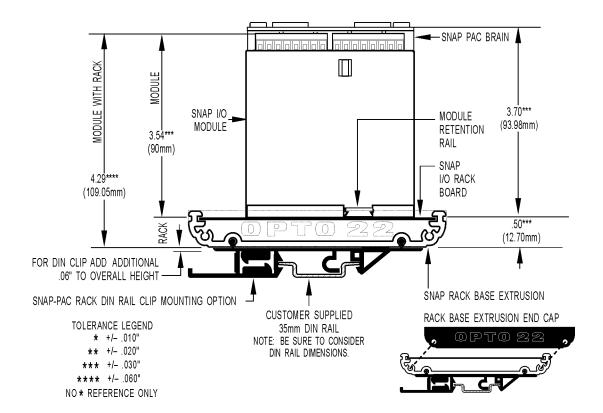
Height on Rack: SNAP-AITM-8 and SNAP-AITM-8-FM Modules





DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

Height on Rack: SNAP-AICTD-8, SNAP-AIMA-8, and SNAP-AIV-8



More about Opto 22

PTO 22

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In addition, the EPIC provides secure data communications among physical assets, control systems, software applications, and online services, both on premises and in the cloud. No industrial PC needed.

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- Multiple OPC UA server options
- HMI: *groov* View to build your own HMI viewable on touchscreen, PCs, and mobile devices; PAC Display for a

Windows HMI; Node-RED dashboard UI

Ignition or Ignition Edge® from Inductive Automation (requires license purchase) with OPC-UA drivers to Allen-Bradley®, Siemens®, and other control systems, and MQTT communications

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Because we test each product twice before it leaves our factory rather than testing a sample of each batch, we can afford to guarantee most solid-state relays and optically isolated I/O modules for life.

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Opto 22 products are sold directly and through a worldwide network of distributors, partners, and system integrators. For more information, contact Opto 22 headquarters at 800-321-6786 (toll-free in the U.S. and Canada) or +1-951-695-3000, or visit our website at www.opto22.com.

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